

## ENEE 381H Problem Set #7

12/3/02 - Due 12/12/02

(1) (RW and vD 8.3b) Calculate cutoff frequency for  $TE_1$ ,  $TE_2$ ,  $TE_3$ ,  $TM_1$ ,  $TM_2$ , and  $TM_3$  waves between perfectly conducting planes 15mm apart with an air dielectric. Repeat for a glass dielectric with  $\epsilon_r=4$ . Suppose excitation at 8GHz is provided at a cross section of the air-filled line and all waves are excited. Which waves(s) will propagate without attenuation? At what distance will each of the nonpropagating waves be attenuated to  $1/e$  of its value at the excitation plane?

(2) (RW and vD 8.7a) For a rectangular waveguide calculate cutoff frequency for  $TE_{10}$ ,  $TE_{20}$ ,  $TE_{11}$ ,  $TE_{12}$ ,  $TE_{21}$ ,  $TE_{22}$ ,  $TM_{11}$ , and  $TM_{22}$  modes. Repeat for a glass dielectric with  $\epsilon_r=4$ . Suppose excitation at 10GHz is provided at a cross section of the air-filled waveguide and all waves are excited. Which waves(s) will propagate without attenuation? At what distance will each of the nonpropagating waves be attenuated to  $1/e$  of its value at the excitation plane?

(3) A plane wave totally internally reflects at the boundary between glass  $n=1.5$  and air. The wave is incident at an angle of  $80^\circ$  from the glass. On the air side of the boundary, there is not a propagating wave, but an *evanescent* wave. Calculate the  $1/e$  decay distance of this wave into the air.

(4) A  $TE_{10}$  mode is propagating in an air-filled rectangular waveguide with dimensions 50mm by 10mm. The frequency of the mode is 10GHz. The wave strikes a planar lossless plastic layer filling the cross section of the waveguide, which has  $\epsilon_r = 4$ . The plastic slab is 10mm thick. Calculate:

- (a) the guide wavelength in both the air-filled and plastic regions
- (b) the impedance of the mode in both regions
- (c) the fraction of incident energy transmitted through the slab

Hint: This is a transformed impedance problem.